

# An EO-driven surface model development

## To face global kilometer-scale Earth system monitoring challenges

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### Introduction

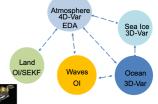
Improving the monitoring and forecasting of the thermodynamical and biogeochemical state of the Earth surface, as well as the surface-atmosphere fluxes for Water, Energy and Carbon, is a high priority at ECMWF to improve Services for Global Weather/Environmental Applications and for the European Copernicus Programme.

To face future challenges for a global kilometre-scale Earth System approach significant community effort is needed to further develop the surface models that can make better use of existing and new Earth Observations (EO).

### Earth System Approach @ECMWF

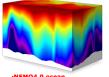
Land hydrology, biosphere and anthropogenic surface modelling

- Integrated Forecasting System Data Assimilation schemes
- Coupled Ocean-Land-Atmosphere **Ensemble Modelling**
- Use of Satellite + In-situ EO data





### Ocean, waves and ice modelling



- ne/Coupling test
  Ongoing
  Coupled testing
  foreseen end 2019

Mogensen et al, 2018, Effects of ocean on weather forecasts https://www.ecmwf.int/en/newsletter/1 56/news/effects-ocean-coupling-

Natural processes



- AM wave model elelopments Ardhuin (2010) physics in 46r1 Freak waves parameters upgraded (Peter) in 46r1 Charnock change for strong winds in 47r1 ping/Planned NEMO4 wave effects Grid-resolution/extension TCO grid (test planned)

Wave Physics impact in ECMWF news item for 46r1 https://www.ecmwf.int/en/about/media-centre/news/2019/upgrade-boost-quality-ocean-



- Multi-category ice model
  Thermo-halo-dynamics (salt-effects)
  Melt ponds and updated albedo
  Prather advection or UMx under testing
  Effection or UMX under testing
  Effective or UMX under testing
  Effection or UMX under testing
  Effective or UMX under te

- ising performance SI3 w.r.t. LIM2 ed SI3 testing foreseen end 2019

Keeley, S and K Mog en. 2018. Dynamic sea ice in the IES ttps://www.ecmwf.int/en/newsletter/

vements
•GLDBv3 + new LSM/CL
ready in 2020
ngoing/Planned
• Extend to other

- ssive in 2019 inig/Planned ML GRIB input/output (collaboration with FD/IFS) ML coupled to ice (APPLICATE) Snow Albedo revision (SnowAPP/APPLICATE-2) Blowing snow
  - physiography fields Focus ESA-CCI Maps Orography and Bathymet at native 1km Choulga et al. (2019) on Water Mapping



- TIIE+CO2 Mapping
  ements
  City mapping (C3S ITT)
  Multi-cities OSM
  C02 mapping
  C02 uncertainties
  C02 ensemble
- McNorton et al. (2019) on CO2 model error specification Choulga et al (2020) on CO2 emissions & uncertainties

## A roadmap for enhanced CO<sub>2</sub> modelling

Representing CO<sub>2</sub> emission processes in IFS

							Lifor reduction	
Prescribed annual LAI map EI		2		006		Al map	Albedo,2m T,RH and CO2	
Prescribed 12 LAI maps (EO clim) EI-Land,		I-Land, ERA5		2013		LAI maps	Albedo,2m T,RH and CO O3 (seasonal cycle)	
Prescribed 12 LAI maps + EO IAV Research (Imagine				2015		TLAI	Albedo,2m T,RH and CO O3 (IAV)	
		developments 20: DST-Action)				T LAI, C3/C4 type, nax,Jmax	Albedo,2m T,RH and CO O3 (seasonal leadtimes)	
DVM + DA Future of (CAMS4		developments 1, SIF)	20	21-		T LAI, NRT SIF, ECV, COS + RT del (parameter estimation)	Albedo,2m T,RH and CO2 O3 (high resolution)	
Anthropogenic processes								
Complexity chain		Application		Testing/Due date		Parameters/data required	Atmospheric impact Error reduction	
Prescribed annual total emission map		CAMS (2017) CHE T1 Nature Run		2017/2017		1 inventory map	CO2	
Prescribed 12 mon. total emission maps		CAMS (2018) CHE T2 Nature Run		2018/Dec 2019		12 inventory maps	CO2 (seasonal cycle)	
Prescribed daily and weekly profiles		CAMS research CHE T2 Nature Run		Early 2019/Dec 2019		Table with scaling factors per country	CO2 diurnal cycle, synoptic variability	
Urban model		CHE research		2019-2020/2020		Human settlement tile, type	CO2, radiation, 2mT,R	

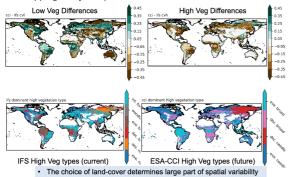
## Including Anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Sectoral emissions and their uncertainties (EDGAR + IPCC)

	ECMWF group	EDGAR sector		Emission	Prior uncertainties, %			
Nº			EDGAR sector note		WDS countries			
				2015, Mton	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
1	ENERGY_S	ENE	Power industry: SUPER emitting power plants	13'704	8.6	3.0	12.2	3.0
2	ENERGY_A	ENE	Power industry: AVERAGE emitting power plants	13 704	8.6	8.6	12.2	12.2
		SWD INC	Solid waste incineration	137	40.3	40.3	41.2	41.2
3	MANUFACTURING	IND	Combustion for manufacturing	6'183	8.6	8.6	12.2	12.2
		IRO	Iron and steel production	234	37.1	37.1	37.1	37.1
		NFE	Non-ferrous metals production	91	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2
		NEU	Non energy use of fuels	10	121.7	121.7	124.0	124.0
		NMM	Non-metallic minerals production	1'748	70.9	70.9	93.0	93.0
		CHE	Chemical processes	534	107.8	89.9	107.8	89.9
4	SETTLEMENTS	RCO	Energy for buildings	3'322	12.2	12.2	26.0	26.0
5	AVIATION	TNR Aviation CRS	Aviation cruise	412	5.5	6.4	50.1	106.8
		TNR Aviation CDS	Aviation climbing&descent	306	5.5	6.4	50.1	106.8
		TNR_Aviation_LTO	Aviation landing&takeoff	98	5.5	6.4	50.1	106.8
6	TRANSPORT	TRO	Road transportation	5'530	5.4	5.4	7.1	7.1
		TNR Ship	Shipping	819	5.4	5.1	50.0	50.0
		TNR_Other	Railways, pipelines, off-road transport	255	50.3	106.9	50.5	107.0
7	OTHER	REF_TRF	Oil refineries and Transformation industry	1'917	54.4	149.3	57.7	151.
		PRO	Fuel exploitation	258	191.1	339.1	210.9	364.
		COL	Coal production	7	115.8	300.5	115.8	300.
		AGS	Agricultural soils	99	70.7	0.0	70.7	0.
		PRU_SOL	Solvents and products use	61	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.

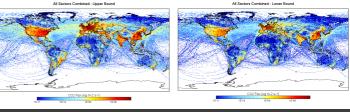
### A crucial role for the choice of land cover

Land mapping a key component for CO2 & NWP: ESA-CCI vs GLCC1.2



## Representing CO<sub>2</sub> uncertainty

Perturbing the anthropogenic CO2 emissions along with transport and biogenic emissions permit to characterise CO2 uncertainties



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## **Further Readings**

Balsamo et al. 2018: Satellite and In Situ Observations for Advancing Global Earth Surface Modelling: A Review. Remote Sensing, 10(12), 2038. https://doi.org/10.1011/j.j.2038. Choulga et al. 2019: Upgraded global mapping information for Earth system modelling, Hydrol.

Earth Syst. Sci., 23, 4051-4076, https://doi.org/10.5194/hess-23-4051-2019

→ substantial impact via (roughness, albedo, canopy resistance, CO2)