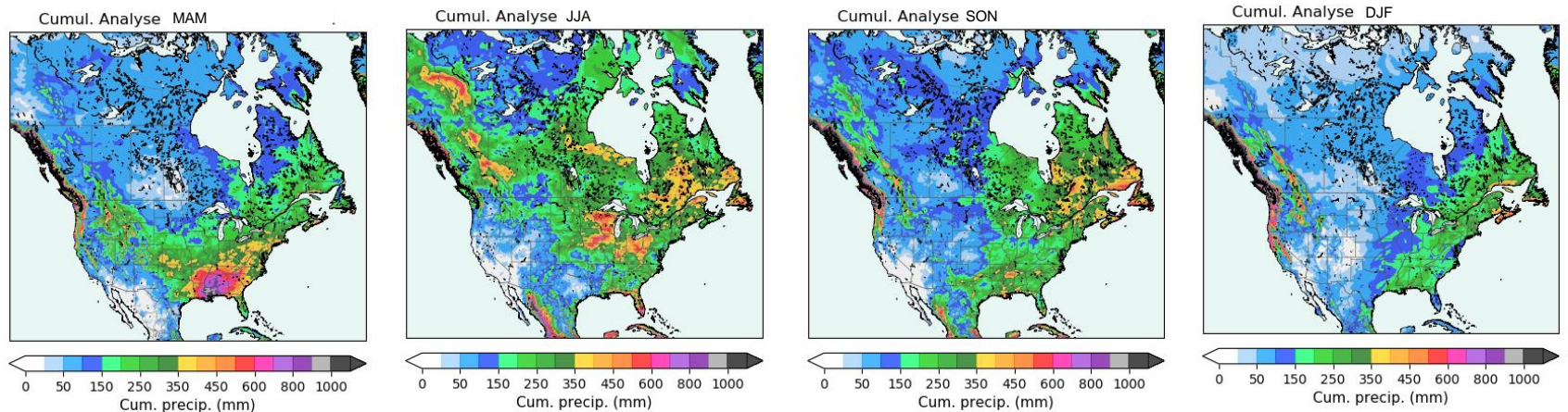


ECCC SURFACE AND PRECIPITATION REANALYSIS BASED ON GEM MODEL



Dimitrijevic Milena, Gasset Nicolas, Fortin Vincent*, Carrera Marco, Bilodeau Bernard, Muncaster Ryan, Gaborit Étienne, Roy Guy, Pentcheva Nedka, Bulat Maxim, Wang Xihong, Pavlovic Radenko, Lespinas Franck, Khedhaouria Dikra and Mai Juliane*

** Lead contributors*

4th International Earth Surface Working Group, 5-7 April 2022, Virtual



MOTIVATION/OBJECTIVE

- Re-forecasting and re-analysis systems allows running the current model back in time and producing consistent, best-estimates of the past weather
 - Limitations of existing reanalysis:
 1. Atmospheric reanalysis (MERRA, ERA-I, ERA5...) generally assimilate atmospheric observations but often do not assimilate precipitation and observations of the land-surface state
 2. Spatial resolution is usually too coarse to be fully suited for land-surface applications at the regional scale
 3. Land-surface reanalysis (MERRA-Land, ERA-Interim Land, ERA5-Land...) are higher resolution, open-loops forced by atmospheric reanalysis; no assimilation, only precipitation adjustments
-

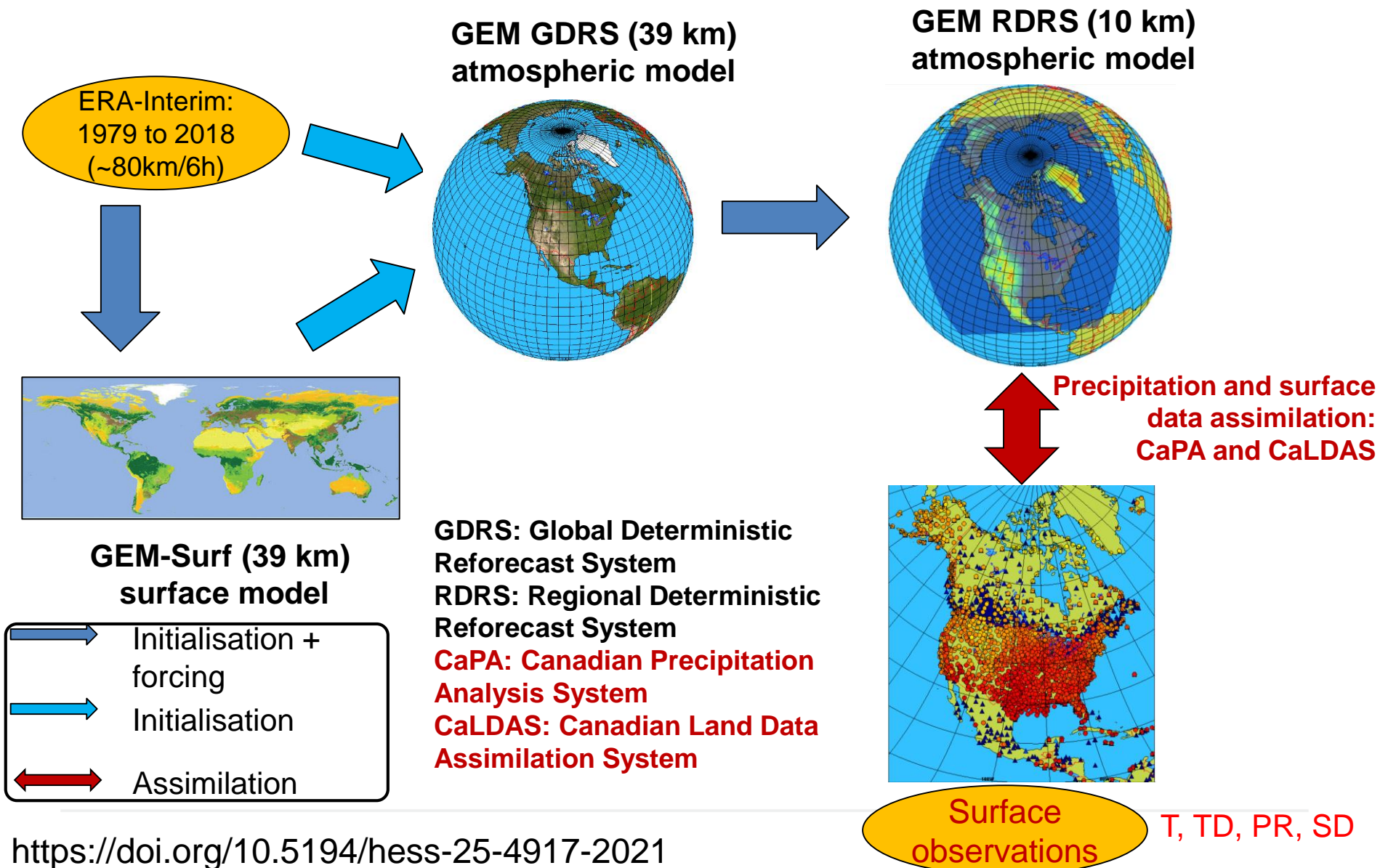
MOTIVATION/OBJECTIVE

Approach adopted by regional surface and precipitation reanalysis based on GEM model:

- Dynamical downscaling of reanalysis data to improve horizontal resolution and representation of land-surface (instead of just post-processing the atmospheric forcing's)
- Land-surface data assimilation of temperature, dew-point temperature, snow depth and precipitation (avoiding atmospheric and land-surface drift)

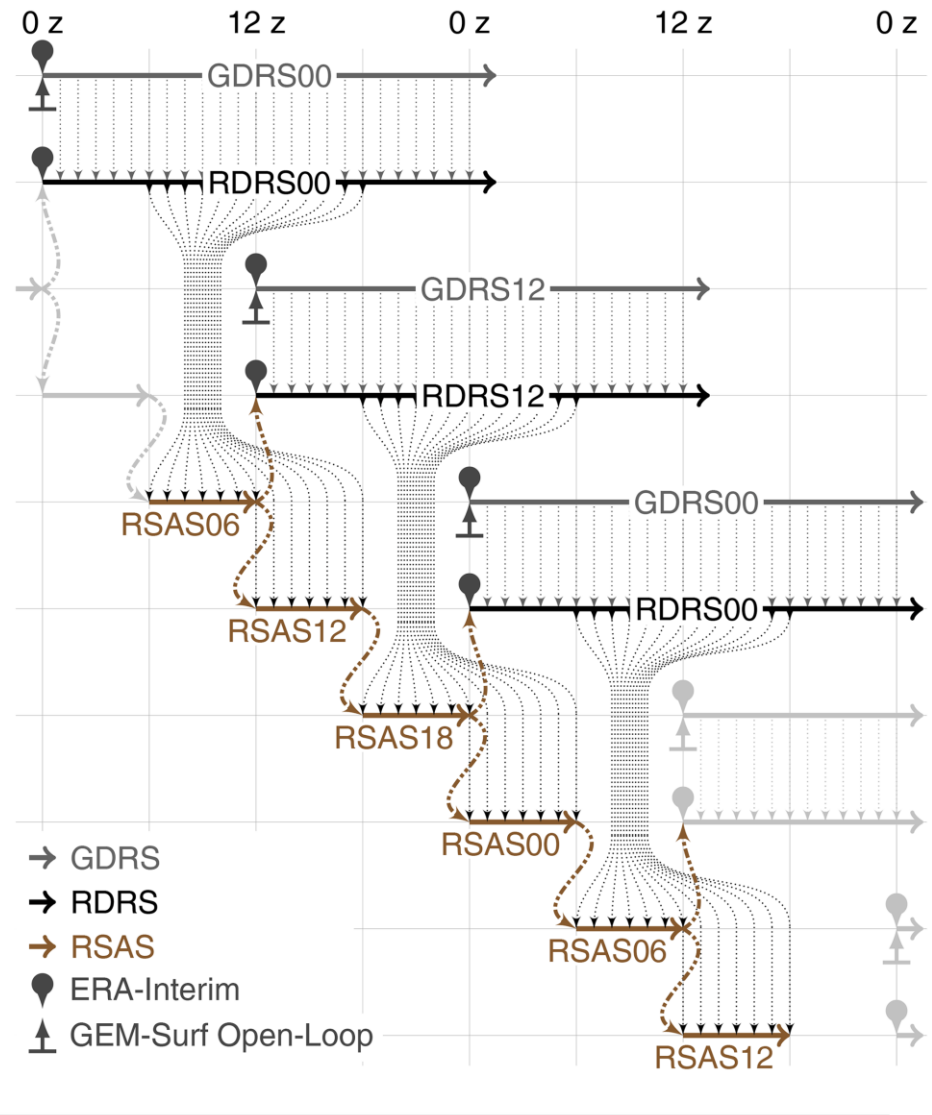
	atmospheric assimilation (often no land-surface assimilation)	land-surface assimilation	no-assimilation
computational cost	high	moderate	low
examples	MERRA, ERA_Interim, ERA5	GEM surface reanalysis	MERRA-Land, ERA-L Land, ERA5 Land

REANALYSIS METHODOLOGY



REFORECAST CONFIGURATION

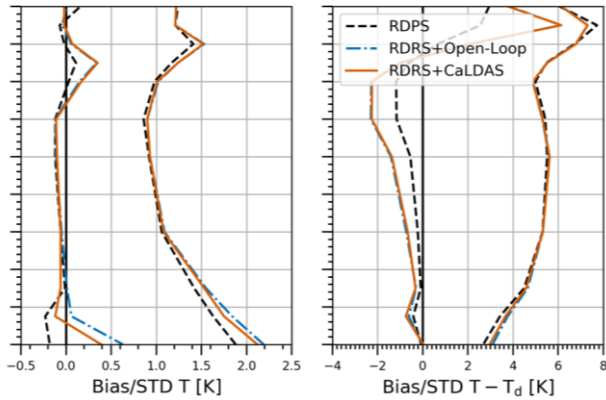
- **Global deterministic reforecast system (GDRS)**
 - 39km resolution (Yin-Yang uniform grid; 45 levels)
 - 12-h cycle (0Z and 12 Z)
 - 24-h reforecast
- **Regional deterministic reforecast system (RDRS)**
 - 10 km resolution (rotated lat-long; 80 levels; cover Arctic Ocean)
 - 12-h cycle (0Z and 12 Z)
 - 24-h reforecast
- **Regional Surface Assimilation System (RSAS)**
 - Online precipitation and surface analysis
 - Coupled with RDRS 10 km resolution (North-America only)
 - 6h cycles



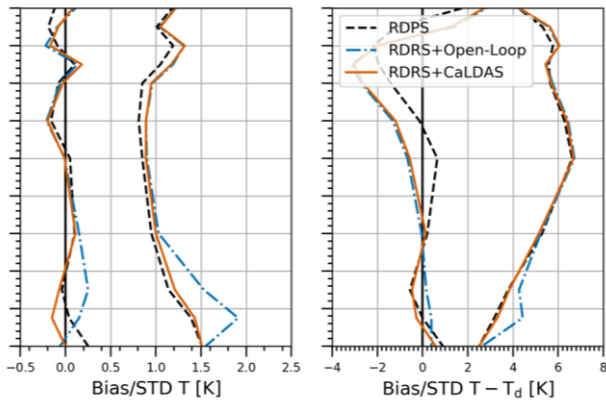
COUPLED RESULTS VS. OPEN LOOP

Atmospheric results

winter



summer



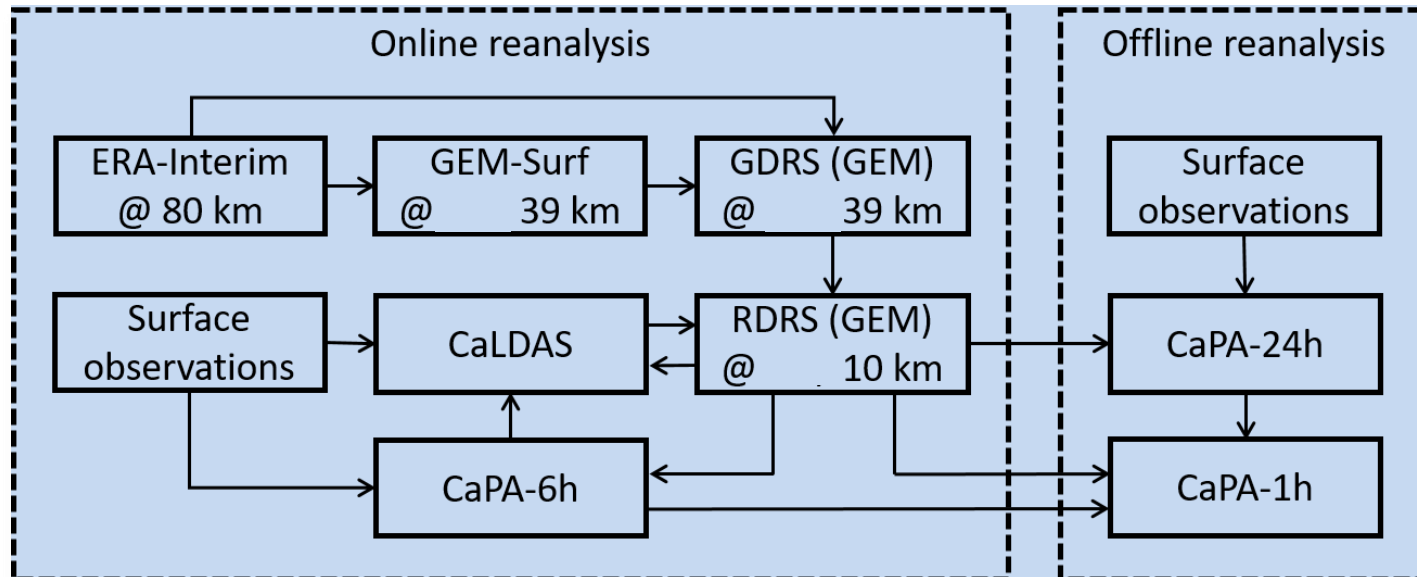
Bias and STDE against radiosonde from RDPS, RDRS+Open-Loop and RDRS+CaLDAS for North America

Surface results

RMSE change (%) RDRS + Open-Loop		1 Feb 2011 to 1 Jul 2011 to		31 Mar 2011 31 Aug 2011	
		00:00 UTC	12:00 UTC	00:00 UTC	12:00 UTC
- RDRS + CaLDAS					
Alaska plus	T_d	7.45	8.87	6.07	5.22
Canadian	T	5.59	7.63	8.09	8.11
Arctic	$\ U\ $	<u>-0.10</u>	<u>-0.12</u>	0.17	<u>-0.01</u>
Canada west	T_d	5.52	4.32	15.51	7.48
	T	3.76	2.77	9.97	13.88
	$\ U\ $	<u>-0.13</u>	<u>-0.11</u>	0.91	2.05
Canada east	T_d	2.41	2.76	6.22	5.75
	T	2.20	4.22	3.77	3.96
	$\ U\ $	0.13	0.10	<u>-0.12</u>	<u>-0.23</u>
United States of America	T_d	15.86	14.24	22.35	21.32
	T	5.84	5.20	10.33	10.66
west	$\ U\ $	0.42	1.02	1.23	2.41
United States of America	T_d	8.35	9.47	21.29	23.13
	T	<u>-3.61</u>	0.55	16.86	17.77
east	$\ U\ $	0.16	0.70	0.86	3.42
Canada	T_d	5.29	5.22	12.68	7.67
	T	4.30	5.04	8.19	10.72
	$\ U\ $	<u>-0.02</u>	<u>-0.03</u>	0.40	0.89
United States of America	T_d	12.83	12.23	22.10	21.85
	T	2.63	3.40	13.69	13.86
	$\ U\ $	0.32	0.85	1.10	2.98
North America	T_d	6.88	6.82	15.20	11.73
	T	3.60	4.45	9.34	11.30
	$\ U\ $	0.00	0.06	0.49	1.22

RMSE change against SYNOP observations between RDRS+Open-Loop and RDRS+CaLDAS

OFFLINE CAPA 24 H PRECIPITATION REANALYSIS AND FORCING'S



- **Offline CaPA reanalysis**

- * additional networks of daily precipitation (AdjDlyRS, SHEF, RMCQ)

- * 24-h pcp accumulations from other networks could be easily added

- **Hourly forcing's and precipitation**

- * combining best estimates from RDRS outputs with offline pcp analysis

- * final product: 1-h forcing's at 10 km resolution over North America

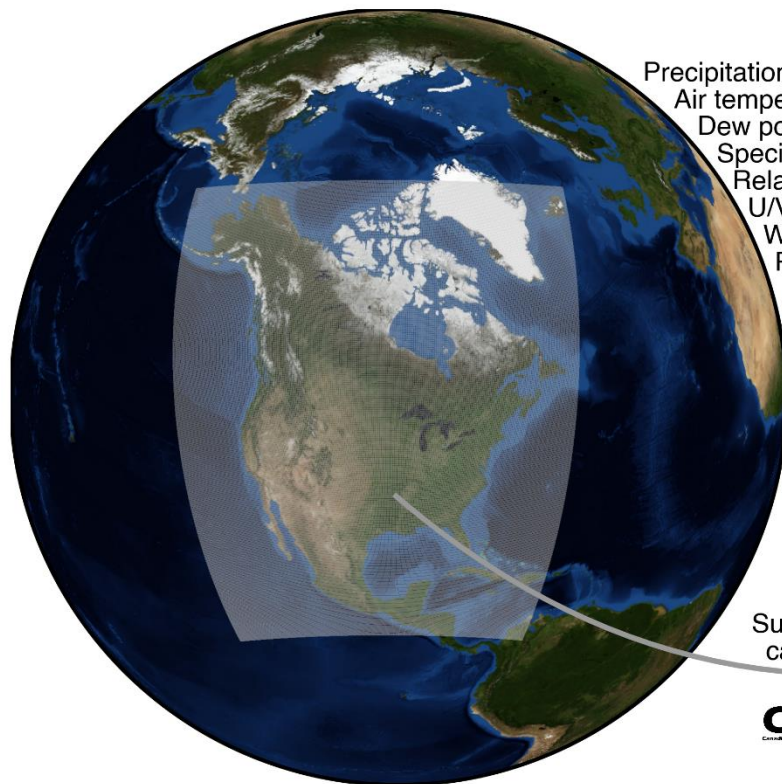
- * Driver to other models

HOURLY FORCING'S VARIABLES

RDRS (v2.1) domain

(~10 x 10 km²; hourly; Jan 1980 - Dec 2018)

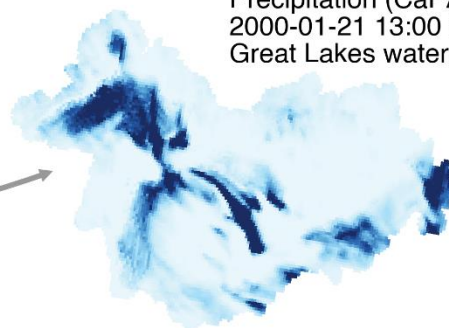
© Juliane Mai
(University of Waterloo)



- Precipitation (srfc; CaPA & model)
- Air temperature (1.5m & ~40m)
- Dew point temperature (1.5m & ~40m)
- Specific humidity (1.5m & ~40m)
- Relative humidity (1.5m & ~40m)
- U/V components of wind (10m & ~40m)
- Wind direction & speed (10m & ~40m)
- Pressure (srfc)
- Sea-level pressure (srfc)
- Incoming infrared flux (srfc)
- Downward solar flux (srfc)

RDRS (v2.1) subsetted

Precipitation (CaPA)
2000-01-21 13:00 (UTC)
Great Lakes watershed



Subsetting using
caspar-data.ca



❖ **Short-term solution:**
(<https://caspar-data.ca/caspar>)

2010120212.nc is covering covering
2010.12.02 13UTC -2010.12.03 12UTC

❖ **Long-term plan:**
Direct ECCC data access under development (GeoMet)
<https://eccc-msc.github.io/open-data>

RDRS - REANALYSIS – STATUS UPDATE

Details on versions (available through CaSPAr):

- RDRS_v1 period: 2010-2015 at 15 km resolution.
 - RDRS_v2 period: 2000-2018 at 10 km resolution and
 - RDRS_v2.1 period: 1980-2018 at 10 km resolution
(maximum snow density bug corrected and Integrated Surface Database used prior to 2000)
-
- Article published in HESS (Hydrology and Earth system sciences) 2021, September 7th:

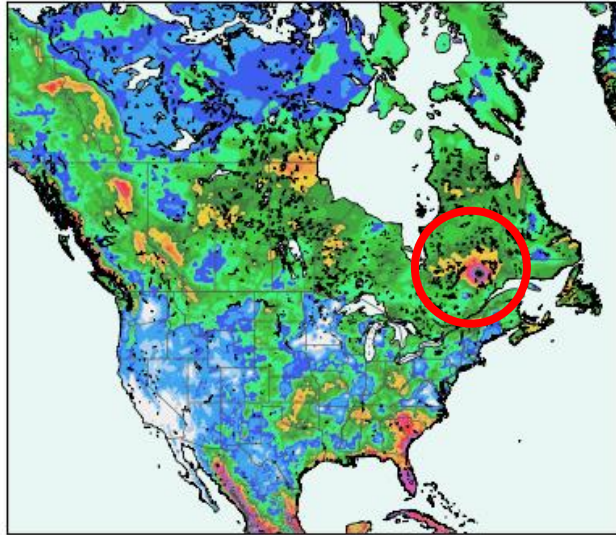
<https://hess.copernicus.org/articles/25/4917/2021/hess-25-4917-2021.html>

UPDATE ON CAPA REANALYSIS V2.1

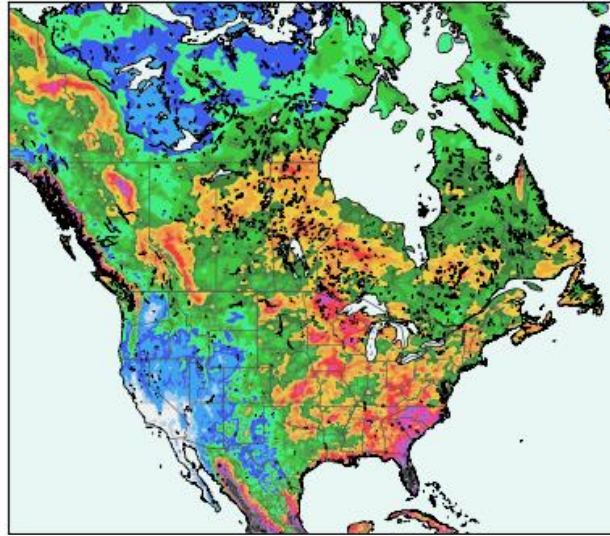
- Integrated Surface Database (ISD) of hourly precipitations from NOAA used for years 1980-1999
 - Quality Controlled database, relatively new to ECCC, some inconsistencies discovered after the facts when maps of accumulated precipitation inspected
 - False zero precipitation cleaned: monthly precipitations at 0 mm for more than 75% of the days and model precipitations greater than 15 mm
 - Also very high monthly precipitations compared to model precipitation not detected by daily CaPA quality control are cleaned
 - Impact is local, limited to grid points close to faulty stations and also limited in time
 - Identified list of problematic month-stations, eliminated from final version
-

CAPA ANALYSIS – PROBLEMS CORRECTED

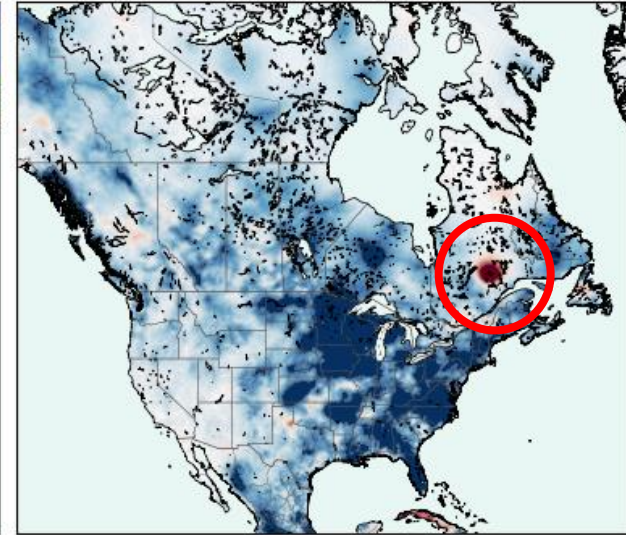
Cumul. Analyse 19950601-19950901



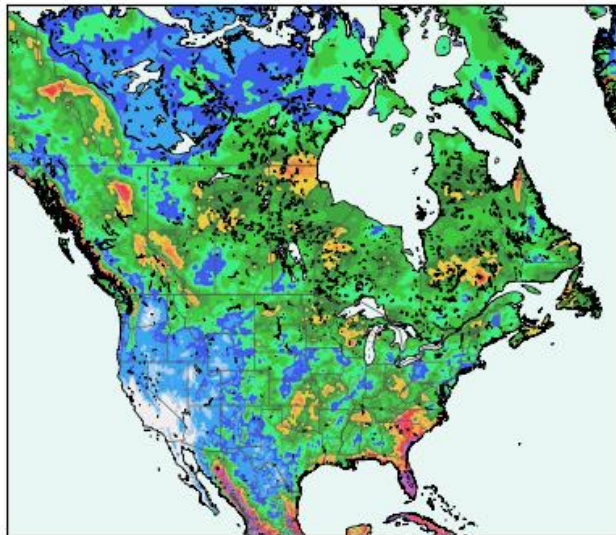
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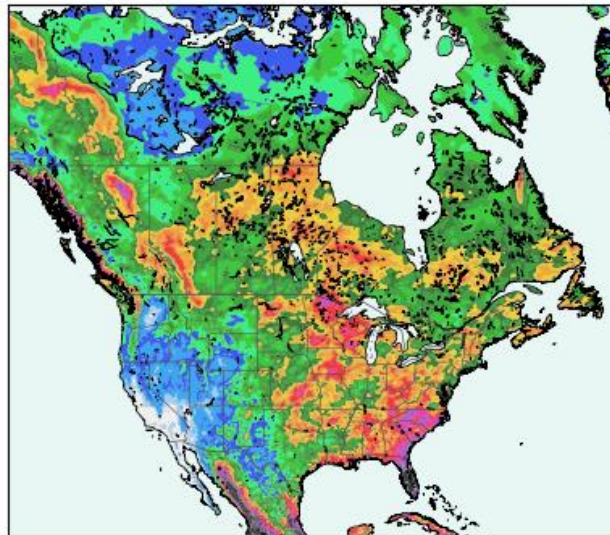
Diff Entree-Analyse - JJA



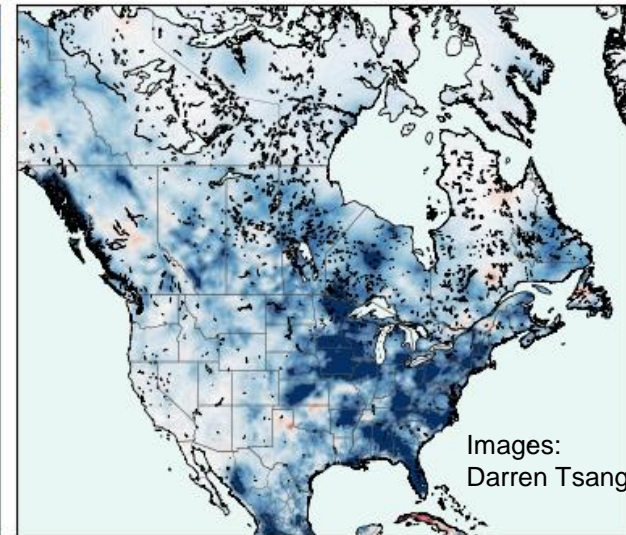
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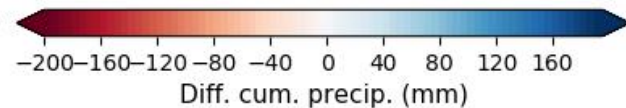
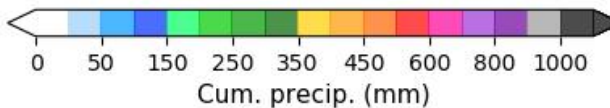
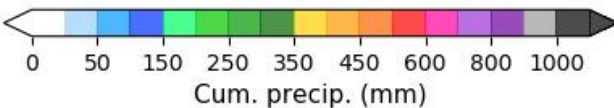
Cumul. Entree 19950601-19950901



Diff Entree-Analyse - JJA



Images:
Darren Tsang



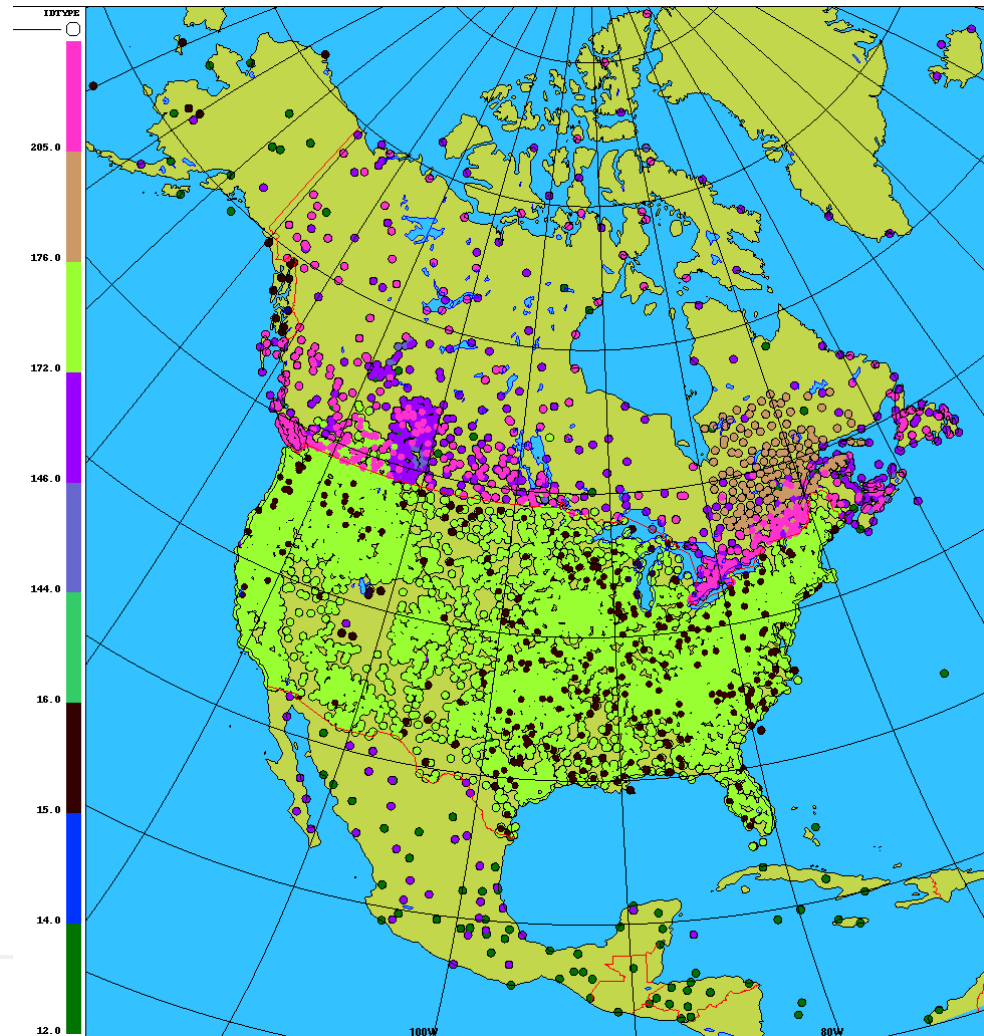
CAPA ANALYSIS - SURFACE OBSERVATION DATASETS 1980-2018

Precipitation networks used:

	SYNOP		METAR	SWOB
Type	manual	automatic		Hourly surface obs.
Number	1400	2290	3667	627
Note:				20130701- 20171231

Additional daily precipitation networks:

	RMCQ	SHEF	AdjDlyRS
Type	Quebec	US stations including CoCoRaHS	climate
Number	225	21326	3094
Note:	201104 - 201712	starting 2000 24-acc. only	24-acc. only



CAPA 24H VERIFICATION V2.1 REANAL VS FRCST 1980-2018

Winter (DJF)

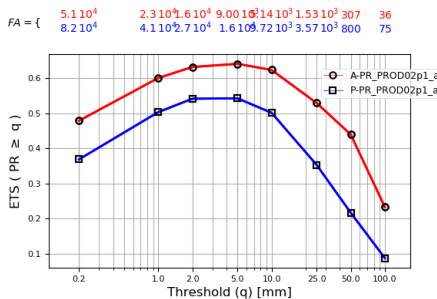
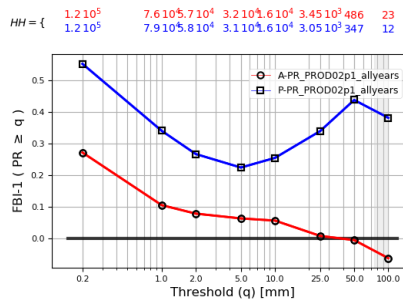
FBI – 1

ETS

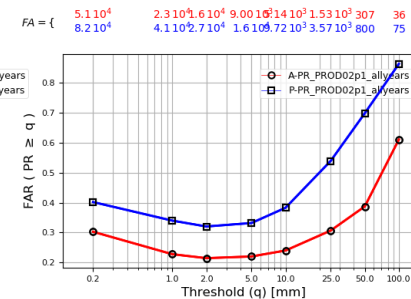
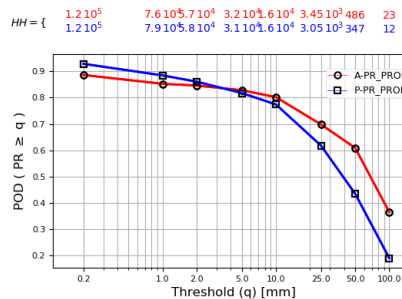
POD

FAR

1980-2018 DJF 24h PRODO2p1_allyears-anl VS PRODO2p1_allyears-prev msyncanusa



1980-2018 DJF 24h PRODO2p1_allyears-anl VS PRODO2p1_allyears-prev msyncanusa



Summer (JJA)

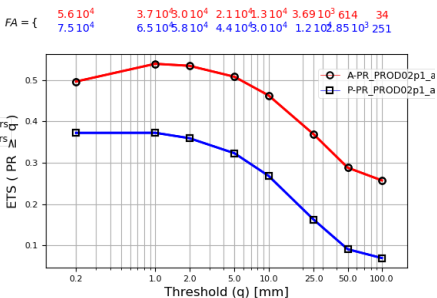
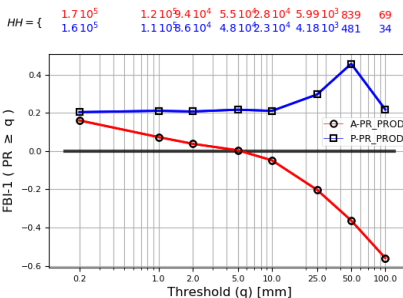
FBI – 1

ETS

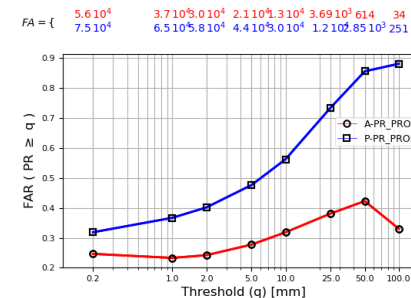
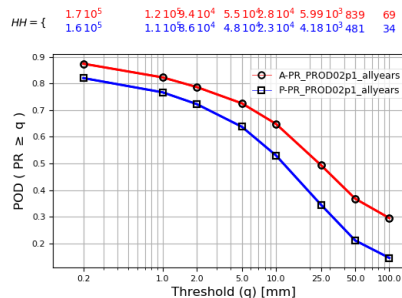
POD

FAR

1980-2018 JJA 24h PRODO2p1_allyears-anl VS PRODO2p1_allyears-prev msyncanusa



1980-2018 JJA 24h PRODO2p1_allyears-anl VS PRODO2p1_allyears-prev msyncanusa



$$FBI = \frac{h + f}{h + m}$$

$$ETS = \frac{h - h_R}{h + f + m - h_R}$$

$$POD = h / (h + m)$$

$$FAR = f / (c + f)$$

h-hits f-false alarms

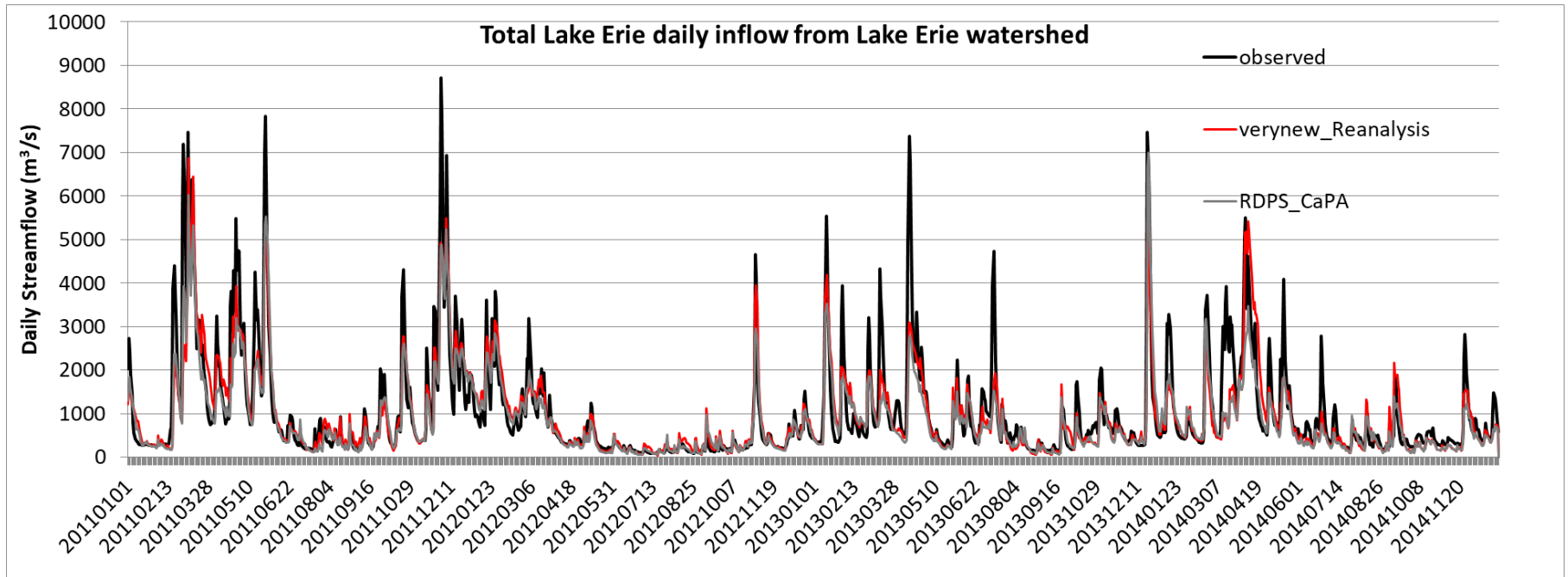
m-misses c-correct rejections

$$h_R = (h + f)(h + m)$$

hits expected by chance

HYDROLOGICAL APPLICATION: STREAMFLOW SIMULATIONS

- Watroute (routing model) simulation of streamflow using 10 km reanalysis forcing's **RDRS+CaPA** against RDPS+CaPA forcings and observed streamflow



Thanks to É. Gaborit

Other studies using RDRS forcing's fields:

- Great Lakes Runoff Intercomparison Project Phase 3: Lake Erie (GRIP-E).
Journal of Hydrologic Engineering, 26(9), 05021020.
- Great Lakes Runoff Intercomparison Project Phase 4: Great Lakes (GRIP-GL).
Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discussions, [preprint]. Accepted for discussion Mar 29, 2022.

R&D PLANS

Working on version 3 of the reanalysis:

- Use ERA5 instead of ERA-I for the initialization
 - Update all components of the system (GEM 5, updated version of CaLDAS/CaPA)
 - Tests with CaLDAS-Sat and/or CaLDAS with SVS
 - Implement some of the innovation from operational CaPA (in priority: assimilate satellite IMERG data, improve treatment of observation in winter...)
 - Interested in using changing land cover through years
-

ERA 5 GEM4 VS ERA-I GEM4

ERA 5 GEM5 VS ERA-5 GEM4

ERA 5 GEM5 VS ERA-I GEM4

COMPARAISON ERA 5 GEM 4 VS ERA 5-GEM5 (GEPS CI-3) RMSE

ERA5 GEM5: GEM5-ERA5-ROMAX fix

ERA 5 GEM4: GEM4-ERA5-noROMAX fix

ERA-Interim GEM4: GEM4-ERA-I-noROMAX fix

http://emet-dev.science.gc.ca/emet/mdi001/5-8-42.card Internal

Table with 5 columns: GDRSers5R / GDRS2018smco8 13, JFM, AMJ, JAS, OND. Rows include Alaska plus Canada n Arctic, Asia, Canada, Canada East, Canada South, Canada West, Europe, Great Lakes Watersheds, Mexico, North America, North America East, North America West, North America plus, United States of America, United States of America East, United States of America West.

Table with 5 columns: GDRSGEPS5era5 / GDRSers5R, JFM, AMJ, JAS, OND. Rows include Alaska plus Canada n Arctic, Asia, Canada, Canada East, Canada South, Canada West, Europe, Great Lakes Watersheds, Mexico, North America, North America East, North America West, North America plus, United States of America, United States of America East, United States of America West.

Table with 5 columns: GDRSGEPS5era5 / GDRS2018smco8 13, JFM, AMJ, JAS, OND. Rows include Alaska plus Canada n Arctic, Asia, Canada, Canada East, Canada South, Canada West, Europe, Great Lakes Watersheds, Mexico, North America, North America East, North America West, North America plus, United States of America, United States of America East, United States of America West.

FINAL REMARKS

- Version 3 of the reanalysis is planned to be completed in 2 years after migration to the new supercomputer
 - Produce 1980-2020 initialized with ERA5 instead of ERA-Interim
 - All components updated to the operational versions of the corresponding systems
-

ECCC SURFACE AND PRECIPITATION REANALYSIS SYSTEM BASED ON GEM MODEL

Thank you!

Milena Dimitrijevic

Meteorological Research Division
Environment and Climate Change Canada



Environnement et
Changement climatique Canada

Environment and
Climate Change Canada

Canada 